

# APPLIED ION SYSTEMS

## High Vacuum Engineering Calculations

Small-Scale Multipurpose High Vacuum System V5 Design  
System Conductance and Effective Speed - Molecular Flow with Air at 20C

### 1.) Diffusion Pump

→ Max Pumping Speed of Diffusion Pump (Air)

→  $S_{diff} = 600 \text{ l/sec}$

### 2.) Diffusion Pump to Water Cooled Baffle Adapter (@ 20C)

→ Conductance of a Tube

$$C_m = 3.8 \left( \frac{T}{M} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{D^3}{L}$$

$C_m$  = conductance (l/sec)

T = temperature (K) = 293.15

M = molecular mass = 28.971 (average AMU of air)

D = diameter (cm) = 12.70

L = length (cm) = 2.54

$$C_m = 9748.196 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ Conductance of a Short Tube

$$C_{short} = C_m \left( 1 + \frac{4D}{3L} \right)^{-1}$$

$C_{short}$  = conductance of short tube (l/sec)

$C_m$  = conductance of a long tube (l/sec) = 9748.196

D = diameter (cm) = 12.70

L = length (cm) = 2.54

$$C_{short} = 1271.504 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ for  $L/D < 5$ , above equation is valid for short pipes, with error

$$L/D = 0.200$$

~+12% error max:

$$C_{shortFinal} = C_{short} \times 0.88$$

$$C_{shortFinal} = 1118.923 \text{ l/sec}$$

→  $C_{baffle\_adapter} = 1118.923 \text{ l/sec}$

### 3.) Water Cooled Baffle (@ 20C)

→ Conductance of a Tube

$$C_m = 3.8 \left( \frac{T}{M} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{D^3}{L}$$

$C_m$  = conductance (l/sec)

T = temperature (K) = 293.15

M = molecular mass = 28.971 (average AMU of air)

D = diameter (cm) = 18.415

L = length (cm) = 5.08

$$C_m = 14859.297 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ Conductance of a Short Tube

$$C_{short} = C_m \left(1 + \frac{4D}{3L}\right)^{-1}$$

$C_{short}$  = conductance of short tube (l/sec)

$C_m$  = conductance of a long tube (l/sec) = 7095.044

D = diameter (cm) = 18.415

L = length (cm) = 5.08

$$C_{short} = 2547.308 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ for  $L/D < 5$ , above equation is valid for short pipes, with error

$$L/D = 0.276$$

~+12% error max:

$$C_{shortFinal} = C_{short} \times 0.88$$

$$C_{shortFinal} = 2241.631 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ Correction for Baffle Fins

$$C_{shortFinal} = C_{short} \times 0.50$$

$$C_{shortFinal} = 1120.816 \text{ l/sec}$$

→  $C_{baffle} = 1120.816 \text{ l/sec}$

#### 4.) Diffusion Pump to 6" Conflat Adapter Plate

→ Conductance of a Tube

$$C_m = 3.8 \left(\frac{T}{M}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{D^3}{L}$$

$C_m$  = conductance (l/sec)

T = temperature (K) = 293.15

M = molecular mass = 28.971 (average AMU of air)

D = diameter (cm) = 10.16

L = length (cm) = 2.54

$$C_m = 4991.076 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ Conductance of a Short Tube

$$C_{short} = C_m \left(1 + \frac{4D}{3L}\right)^{-1}$$

$C_{short}$  = conductance of short tube (l/sec)

$C_m$  = conductance of a long tube (l/sec) = 213.992

D = diameter (cm) = 10.16

L = length (cm) = 2.54

$$C_{short} = 788.065 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ for  $L/D < 5$ , above equation is valid for short pipes, with error

$$L/D = 0.250$$

~+12% error max:

$$C_{shortFinal} = C_{short} \times 0.88$$

$$C_{shortFinal} = 693.497 \text{ l/sec}$$

→  $C_{plate\ adapter} = 693.497 \text{ l/sec}$

### 5.) 6" to 2.75" Conflat Zero Clearance Reducer

→ Conductance of a Tube

$$C_m = 3.8 \left( \frac{T}{M} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{D^3}{L}$$

$C_m$  = conductance (l/sec)

T = temperature (K) = 293.15

M = molecular mass = 28.971 (average AMU of air)

D = diameter (cm) = 3.988

L = length (cm) = 1.918

$$C_m = 399.727 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ Conductance of a Short Tube

$$C_{short} = C_m \left( 1 + \frac{4D}{3L} \right)^{-1}$$

$C_{short}$  = conductance of short tube (l/sec)

$C_m$  = conductance of a long tube (l/sec) = 399.727

D = diameter (cm) = 3.988

L = length (cm) = 1.918

$$C_{short} = 105.963 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ for  $L/D < 5$ , above equation is valid for short pipes, with error

$$L/D = 0.481$$

~+12% error max:

$$C_{shortFinal} = C_{short} \times 0.88$$

$$C_{shortFinal} = 93.247 \text{ l/sec}$$

→  **$C_{reducer} = 93.247 \text{ l/sec}$**

### 6.) 2.75" Conflat 4-Way Cross

→ Conductance of a Tube

$$C_m = 3.8 \left( \frac{T}{M} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{D^3}{L}$$

$C_m$  = conductance (l/sec)

T = temperature (K) = 293.15

M = molecular mass = 28.971 (average AMU of air)

D = diameter (cm) = 3.556

L = length (cm) = 12.492

$$C_m = 43.511 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ Conductance of a Short Tube

$$C_{short} = C_m \left( 1 + \frac{4D}{3L} \right)^{-1}$$

$C_{short}$  = conductance of short tube (l/sec)

$C_m$  = conductance of a long tube (l/sec) = 43.511

D = diameter (cm) = 3.556

L = length (cm) = 12.492

$$C_{short} = 31.540 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ for  $L/D < 5$ , above equation is valid for short pipes, with error

$$L/D = 3.5$$

~+9% error max:

$$C_{shortFinal} = C_{short} \times 0.91$$

$$C_{shortFinal} = 28.701 \text{ l/sec}$$

$$\rightarrow C_{cross} = 28.701 \text{ l/sec}$$

## 7.) 2.75" Conflat Gate Valve

→ Conductance of a Tube

$$C_m = 3.8 \left( \frac{T}{M} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{D^3}{L}$$

$C_m$  = conductance (l/sec)

T = temperature (K) = 293.15

M = molecular mass = 28.971 (average AMU of air)

D = diameter (cm) = 3.810

L = length (cm) = 5.080

$$C_m = 131.601 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ Conductance of a Short Tube

$$C_{short} = C_m \left( 1 + \frac{4D}{3L} \right)^{-1}$$

$C_{short}$  = conductance of short tube (l/sec)

$C_m$  = conductance of a long tube (l/sec) = 213.992

D = diameter (cm) = 3.556

L = length (cm) = 2.54

$$C_{short} = 65.800 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ for  $L/D < 5$ , above equation is valid for short pipes, with error

$$L/D = 1.333$$

~+12% error max:

$$C_{shortFinal} = C_{short} \times 0.88$$

$$C_{shortFinal} = 57.904 \text{ l/sec}$$

$$\rightarrow C_{gate\ valve} = 57.904 \text{ l/sec}$$

## 8.) TOTAL SYSTEM CONDUCTANCE

→ Conductance of Pipeline

$$\frac{1}{C_{pipeline}} = \frac{1}{C_{baffle\_adapter}} + \frac{1}{C_{baffle}} + \frac{1}{C_{plate\_adapter}} + \frac{1}{C_{reducer}} + \frac{1}{C_{cross}} + \frac{1}{C_{gate\_valve}}$$

$$\frac{1}{C_{pipeline}} = \frac{1}{1118.923} + \frac{1}{1120.816} + \frac{1}{693.497} + \frac{1}{93.247} + \frac{1}{28.701} + \frac{1}{57.904}$$

$$C_{pipeline} = 15.137 \text{ l/sec}$$

$$\rightarrow C_{pipeline} = 15.137 \text{ l/sec}$$

→ Effective Pumping Speed of the System

$$\frac{1}{S_e} = \frac{1}{C_{pipeline}} + \frac{1}{S_{diff}}$$

$$S_e = \frac{C_{pipeline} \times S_{diff}}{C_{pipeline} + S_{diff}}$$

$$C_{pipeline} = 15.137 \text{ l/s}$$

$$S_{diff} = 600 \text{ l/s}$$

$$S_e = 14.765 \text{ l/s}$$

$$\rightarrow S_e = 14.765 \text{ l/sec}$$